Coking coal reserves of Jharia Coal-field

1246. SHRI PARMESHWAR KUMAR AGARWALLA: Will the Minister of COAL be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Jharia coalfield is the main coal reservoir of coking coal of India;

(b) if so, the short term and long term planning to exploit these reserves of coking coal to meet our growing requirements; and

(c) how much investment has been made after nationalisation for development of coking coal mines in Jharia coalfield?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COAL (SHRIMATI KANTI SINGH): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) 8 Coking coal projects having short gestation period with an annual production capacity of 3.12 million tonnes are under various stages of implementation. 6 Short gestation period projects of an annual production capacity of 0.77 million tonnes have been identified for taking up in the IX Plan. As a long term Plan open cast blocks II to IX in Jharia coalfield have been identified for exploitation of coking coal reserves in the Xth Plan period.

(c) After nationalisation of coking coal mines an expenditure of Rs. 1045.85 crores (Till March, 1997) has been made for augumentation of coking coal production in Jharia coalfield.

Allocation of Coal Mining Blocks

1247. SHRI PARMESHWAR KUMAR AGARWALLA: Will the Minister of COAL be pleased to refer to the reply to Starred Question 201 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 10th March, 1997 and state:

(a) whether "applications" referred to in her reply to my first supplementary, complete in all respect, for allotment of coal mining blocks in the prescribed Form-I under MMRD Act which, *inter alia*, requires experience, technical qualifications, financial position and fulfilment of other conditions duly vetted and certified by the Collector concerned and the State Government were received by her Ministry in all cases of allocation of mining blocks prior to allotment of blocks by her Ministry; and

(b) whether there are cases in which the procedure prescribed under MMRD Act has not been followed for approval of all mining blocks?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COAL (SHRIMATI KANTI SINGH): (a) The 'applications' referred to in the reply of Minister of State for Coal to the first supplementary raised in the Rajya Sabha in connection with the Starred Question No. 201 on 10th March, 1997 are the applications being received from various private and public sector companies including the State power utilities for coal blocks for the purpose of mining for captive consumption for power generation, iron and steel production and cement production permitted by the Government as the eligible end-uses under Section 3 (3) (a) (iii) of the Coal Mines (Nationalisation) Act, 1973. There is no set form for such applications nor there is any legal requirement for such applications being forwarded by the concerned State Government. After the offer of captive block is made known to the concerned party, the party is required to get the mining plan approved from the Central Government under Section 5 (2) of the Mines and Minerals (Regulation & Development) Act, 1957 and thereafter apply in Form-I prescribed in the Mineral Concession Rules, 1960, for grant of coal mining lease to the concerned State Government. The application of the party recommended by the State Government for grant of lease is required to be approved by the Central Government under the proviso to Section 5 (1) of the Mines and Minerals (Regulation & Development)

Act, 1957 and thereafter the mining lease is granted by the State Government.

(b) There has been no case of offer of captive coal blocks to various parties in the public and private sector including the State power utilities in which the procedure prescribed under the Mines and Minerals (Regulation & Development) Act, 1957 has not been followed.

Increasing capital reserves in coal mines

1248. SHRI SANJAY DALMIA: Will the Minister of COAL be pleased to state:

(a) whether capital reserve in coal companies is increasing due to the excess capital investment being made therein;

(b) the total capital investment made during each of the last three years;

(c) the total loss incurred as a result thereof;

(d) whether Government have reviewed the working of those companies which are incurring loss due to excess capital investment; and

(e) if so, the outcome thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COAL (SHRIMATI KANTI SINGH): (a) and (b) As on 31st March, 1997, neither the Coal India Limited (CIL) nor Singareni Collieries Company Limited (SCCL) had any capital reserve. The total capital investment made in CIL and SCCL during the last three years are as under:—

(Rs. in crores)

	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97
CIL	1604.56	1503.63	1550.08
SCCL	516.58	293.91	242.97

(c) CIL and SCCL did not incur any loss as a result of capital investment.

(d) and (e) Do not arise in view of the answer to part (c) of the question.

कोल इंडिया लिमिटेड के अधीन कोयला खानों मे कार्यरत मजदूरों की स्थिति में सुधार किया जाना

1249. **श्री इकबाल सिंह:** क्या कोयला मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) गत तीन वर्षों के दौरान और अब तक सरकार द्वारा कोयला क्षेत्रों में नवीनतम तकनीकी का उपयोग करने और कोयला खानों में कार्यरत मजदूरों की स्थिति में सुधार करने हेतु क्या-क्या प्रयास किए गए हैं;

(ख) सरकार द्वारा कोल इंडिया लिमिटेड के अधीन कोयला कंपनियों में कार्य कर रहे मजदूरों को उचित मजदूरी, कल्याण, सुविधाएं तथा आगे बढ़ने के अवसर प्रदान करने जैसी महत्वपूर्ण बातों को ध्यान में रखते हुए अब तक कौन-कौन से नीतिगत निर्णय लिए गए हैं; और

(ग) इसके कार्यान्वयन के संबंध में की जा रही आवश्यक कार्यवाही संबंधी ब्यौरा क्या है?

कोयला मंत्रालय की राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती कान्ति सिंह): (क) कोल इंडिया लि० द्वारा इन क्षेत्रों में अब तक किए गए प्रयासों को नीचे दर्शाया गया है:—

विद्युत सपोर्ट लांगवाल फेसों को आरंभ किया जाना।

आधुनिक प्रौद्योगिकी आरंभ किए जाने के लिए सा०ई०को० लि० में 6 खानों को विनिर्दिष्ट किया जाना।

भूमिगत खानों में एस०डी०एल० / एल०एच०डी० के विकास में वृद्धि किया जाना ताकि श्रमिक द्वारा लदान किए जाने वाले कठिन क्रियाकलापों को यांत्रिक लदान के क्रियाकलापों में बदला जा सके।

खान पर्यावरणात्मक प्रबोधन पद्धति गैस का पता लगाने के सुवाह्य यंत्र, आग की चेतावनी देने वाले यंत्र आदि के प्रयोग को तेज किया जाना।

(ख) और (ग) इस संबंध में सूचना संलग्न विवरण में दी गई है। (नीचे देखिए)